#### §4041.49

day after receipt of the distribution notice: and

- (2) With respect to the information described in § 4041.24 (b) through (e), the term "plan benefits" is replaced with "title IV benefits" and the term "proposed termination date" is replaced with "termination date".
- (b) Certification to PBGC. No later than 15 days after the date on which the plan administrator completes the issuance of the notices of benefit distribution, the plan administrator must file with the PBGC a certification that the notices were so issued in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- (c) Notice of annuity information. (1) In general. Unless all title IV benefits will be distributed in the form of nonconsensual lump sums, the plan administrator must provide a notice of annuity information to each affected party other than—
- (i) An affected party whose title IV benefits will be distributed in the form of a nonconsensual lump sum; and
  - (ii) The PBGC.
- (2) Spin-off/termination transactions. The plan administrator must provide the information in paragraph (c)(4) of this section to a person entitled to notice under § 4041.43(c), at the same time and in the same manner as required for an affected party described in paragraph (c)(1) of this section.
- (3) Selection of different insurer. A plan administrator that decides to select a different insurer after having previously notified the affected party of the identity of insurer(s) under this paragraph must provide another notice of annuity information.
- (4) Content of notice. The notice must include—
- (i) The identity-of-insurer information in §4041.27(b)(1);
- (ii) The information regarding change in identity of insurer(s) in §4041.27(b)(2); and
- (iii) Unless the state guaranty coverage information in §4041.27(b)(3) was previously provided to the affected party, such information and the extinguishment-of-guaranty information in §4041.23(b)(9) (replacing the term "plan benefits" with "title IV benefits").
- (5) Deadline for notice. The plan administrator must issue the notice of

annuity information to each affected party by the deadline in §4041.27(d)(1).

(d) Request for IRS determination letter. To qualify for the distribution deadline in §4041.28(a)(1)(ii) (as modified and made applicable by §4041.50(c)), the plan administrator must submit to the IRS a valid request for a determination of the plan's qualification status upon termination ("determination letter") by the day on which the plan administrator completes the issuance of the notices of benefit distribution.

## § 4041.49 Verification of plan sufficiency prior to closeout.

- (a) General rule. Before distributing plan assets pursuant to a closeout under §4041.50, the plan administrator must verify whether the plan's assets are still sufficient to provide for benefits at the level determined by the PBGC, i.e., guaranteed benefits or benefit liabilities. If the plan administrator finds that the plan is no longer able to provide for benefits at the level determined by the PBGC, then paragraph (b) or (c) of this section, as appropriate, will apply.
- (b) Subsequent insufficiency for guaranteed benefits. When a plan administrator finds that a plan is no longer sufficient for guaranteed benefits, the plan administrator must promptly notify the PBGC in writing of that fact and may take no further action to implement the plan termination, pending the PBGC's determination and notice pursuant to paragraph (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section.
- (1) PBGC concurrence with finding. If the PBGC concurs with the plan administrator's finding, the distribution notice will be void, and the PBGC will—
- (i) Issue the plan administrator a notice of inability to determine sufficiency in accordance with §4041.47(b); and
- (ii) Require the plan administrator to submit a new valuation, certified to by an enrolled actuary, of the benefit liabilities and guaranteed benefits under the plan, valued in accordance with \$\$ 4044.41\$ through \$4044.57\$ of this chapter as of the date of the plan administrator's notice to the PBGC.
- (2) PBGC non-concurrence with finding. If the PBGC does not concur with

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the plan administrator's finding, it will so notify the plan administrator in writing, and the distribution notice will remain in effect.

- (c) Subsequent insufficiency for benefit liabilities. When a plan administrator finds that a plan is sufficient for guaranteed benefits but is no longer sufficient for benefit liabilities, the plan administrator must immediately notify the PBGC in writing of this fact, but must continue with the distribution of assets in accordance with § 4041.50.
- (d) Finding by PBGC of subsequent insufficiency. In any case in which the PBGC finds on its own initiative that a subsequent insufficiency for guaranteed benefits has occurred, paragraph (b)(1) of this section will apply, except that the guaranteed benefits must be revalued as of the date of the PBGC's finding.
- (e) Restrictions upon finding of subsequent insufficiency. When the plan administrator makes the finding described in paragraph (b) of this section or receives notice that the PBGC has made the finding described in paragraph (d) of this section, the plan administrator is (except to the extent the PBGC otherwise directs) subject to the prohibitions in §4041.42.

#### § 4041.50 Closeout of plan.

If a plan administrator receives a distribution notice from the PBGC pursuant to §4041.47 and neither the plan administrator nor the PBGC makes the finding described in §4041.49(b) or (d), the plan administrator must distribute plan assets in accordance with §4041.28 and file a post-distribution certification in accordance with §4041.29, except that—

- (a) The term "plan benefits" is replaced with "title IV benefits";
- (b) For purposes of applying the distribution deadline in §4041.28(a)(1)(i), the phrase "after the expiration of the PBGC's 60-day (or extended) review period under §4041.26(a)" is replaced with "the day on which the plan administrator completes the issuance of the notices of benefit distribution pursuant to §4041.48(a)"; and
- (c) For purposes of applying the distribution deadline in §4041.28(a)(1)(ii), the phrase "the requirements of

§4041.25(c)" is replaced with "the requirements of §4041.48(d)".

# PART 4041A—TERMINATION OF MULTIEMPLOYER PLANS

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## **Subpart A—General Provisions**

#### § 4041A.1 Purpose and scope.

The purpose of this part is to establish rules for notifying the PBGC of the termination of a multiemployer plan and rules for the administration of multiemployer plans that have terminated by mass withdrawal. Subpart B prescribes the contents of and procedures for filing a Notice of Termination for a multiemployer plan. Subpart C prescribes basic duties of plan sponsors of mass-withdrawal-terminated plans. (Other duties are prescribed in part 4281 of this chapter.) Subpart D contains procedures for closing out sufficient plans. This part applies to terminated multiemployer plans covered by title IV of ERISA but,